

The National Connection for Local Public Health

Public Health Funding in Final Health Reform Bill

Public health investment	Establishes a Prevention and Public Health Fund to provide for expanded and sustained national investment in prevention and public health programs for prevention, wellness, and public health activities, including prevention research and health screenings. Administered by HHS Secretary	\$15 billion over 10 years, beginning with \$500 million/FY2010, ramping up to \$2 billion in FY2015 and each year after.
Community- based prevention	Community Transformation Grants: Competitive grants to state and local governmental agencies and community-based organizations to reduce chronic disease rates, address health disparities, and develop a stronger evidence-base of effective prevention programming. 20% of the grants are targeted to rural and frontier areas. Prevention and Public Health Fund resources may be used.	Not specified
Public health workforce	Public Health Workforce Recruitment and Retention Programs Establishes a public health workforce loan repayment program, allied health workforce recruitment and retention programs, and training for mid-career public health professionals.	Authorizes \$195 million/year for loan repayment program, \$30 million each for allied health and mid-career programs.
Epidemiology and Lab Capacity Grant Program	Grants to state, local and tribal health departments to improve surveillance and response with respect to infectious diseases and other conditions of public health importance.	\$190 million per year, FY2010 – FY2013
Health disparities/ Data collection	Requires the collection and reporting of data on race and ethnicity, gender, geographic location, socioeconomic status (including education, employment or income), primary language, and, disability status, data at the smallest geographic level such as State, local, or institutional levels if such data can be aggregated; data by racial and ethnic subgroups.	N/A
Home visitation	Grantees of this state grant program for evidence-based early childhood home visitation will measure improvement in maternal and child health, childhood injury prevention, school readiness, juvenile delinquency, family economic factors, and coordination with community resources.	\$3 billion over 5 years

